

Suppliers to take note of the Gift Policy guidelines for gifts and entertainment practices

The Sasol conflict of interest policy makes the distinction between appropriate and inappropriate giving and receiving of gifts and entertainment.

A. Strictly PROHIBITED	B. Acceptable but require prior APPROVAL	C. ACCEPTABLE and do not require prior approval
The giving or receiving of CASH or a cash equivalent, e.g. vouchers.	Any gift or entertainment that could result in a conflict of interest will be declined. Where it is accepted, it should be declared . The gift or entertainment becomes the property of Sasol.	 Provided that: no obligation is created or expected; the gift or entertainment is reasonable and not excessive; always mention it to your line manager and peers to ensure your actions are transparent.
The giving or receiving of any gift or entertainment that would contravene any law, e.g. bribery , corruption etc.	 Some examples of entertainment that have an inherent potential for creating conflict of interest: It includes partners, family members, close friends or employees. It is often repeated. Expensive meals, sought after entertainment such as high profile shows, sporting events or recreational opportunities away from the employee's work environment. 	 Typical examples: Modest and occasional meals with a business acquaintance. Occasional attendance at ordinary sport, theatre and other cultural events. Gifts of limited and promotional value such as pens, calendars and other inexpensive items. Gifts that are considered as reasonable and not excessive and given widely in full public view.
The giving or receiving of anything that creates an obligation to give in return .		

GIFTS AND ENTERTAINMENT THAT ARE:



For any enquires, please contact the contact centre on 017 610 4777